Writing Overview | Assessment Indicators and Outcomes

	Year 3						
	Writing Assessment Indicators						
	Term 1	Term 2					
	KPIs On-track for Expected Standard (EXS)	KPIs On-track for Expected Standard (EXS)	KP				
	 Is beginning to structure a sequence of events organised into paragraphs. (2) Is beginning to create basic settings, characters and simple plot in narratives with appropriate detail. (3) Punctuates sentences accurately using full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks and question marks. (4) Write a rage of sentences using conjunctions to show cause and effect, (because, although, so.) (11) Some use of adverbs to convey time, place and manner. (14) Uses apostrophes consistently for contractions and possessive (singular and plurals) correctly 50% of the time. (16) Is starting to evaluate the effectiveness of their own writing, taking into account the audience and purpose and suggest improvements. (20) Presentation of characters to interest the reader through use of some detail. (22) Uses simple organisational devices in non-narrative writing (heading and sub-headings.) (24) Discuss and record ideas for writing in simple forms of planning, taking in to account writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar. (25) 	 narratives with appropriate detail. (3) Some variety in subordinating conjunctions. Some use of which, where, if, after, when (at least three different uses across a range of writing.) (13) Some use of adverbs to convey time, place and manner. (14) Correct choice and consistent use of the present, past and perfect tense. (15) Proof read own writing and make appropriate corrections to spelling, punctuation, grammar and vocabulary in respect to aspects learned this year. (19) Is beginning to evaluate more the effectiveness of their own writing, taking into account the audience and purpose and suggest improvements. (20) Read aloud their own writing, to a group or whole lass, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear. (21) Presentation of characters to interest the reader through use of some 	 Is beginning to structure paragraphs. (2) Create basic settings, c appropriate detail. (3) Identify and use correctlause, subordinate clinverted commas (spee) Uses adverbs to converse accuracy. (17) Where appropriate, so Proof read own writing punctuation, grammar this year. (19) Evaluate the effectiver audience and purpose Read aloud their own writing speech marks (not alw character through who Discuss and record ide to account writing simil order to understand ar grammar. (25) 				
		Spelling – rules taught explicitly					

• Uses further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (Appendix 1.) (6)

- Starting to spell homophones correctly (Appendix page 53.) (7)
- Can spell most of the Year 1/2 statutory word list and some of the Year 3/4 words (that have been taught) correctly in writing (Appendix 1.) (8)
- Can find words in a dictionary using the first two letters to check meaning. (9)

Handwriting – ongoing

- Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include the word and punctuation taught so far. (1)
- Writing is mostly neat, well-spaces and generally of a consistent size. (5)
- Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left not joined. (10)

Greater Depth (GDS) Statement

- Write independently, effectively, coherently and creatively for different purposes and a range of audiences, drawing on their reading to inform the vocabulary and grammar of their writing.
- Sustain the writing of longer texts which maintain the purpose of the text type, with cohesion and interest maintained throughout the piece.
- Make effective additions, revisions and proof-reading corrections to their own writing.

*The greater depth statement is one that can be achieved at any point providing there is enough evidence of the application of independent work from the child with an emphasis on writing for a particular purpose



Term 3

KPIs Expected Standard (EXS)

re a sequence of events organised into

characters and simple plot in narratives with

ect terminology for preposition, conjunction, prefix, clause, direct speech, consonant, vowel and peech marks.) (12)

vey time, place and manner. (14)

mas to punctuate direct speech with increasing

ome commas mark phrases and clauses. (18) g and make appropriate corrections to spelling, ar and vocabulary in respect to aspects learned

eness of their own writing, taking into account the se and suggest improvements. (20) writing, to a group or whole lass, using appropriate olling the tone and volume so that the meaning is

nin writing, but punctuating direct speech with ways accurate,) to begin to build a picture of hat they say and how they say it. (23) leas for writing in simple forms of planning, taking in nilar to that which they are planning to write in and learn from its structure, vocabulary and

	Writing Outcomes						
Books	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer		
Class Novels Autumn Term: Iron Man	<u>Recount</u> Daily life of a Stone Age man – Stone Age Boy	<u>Persuasion</u> Darlington – link to park and littering (visit)	Explanation The Rainforest – layers of the rainforest	<u>Letter</u> Deforestation	<u>Narrative</u> Quest		
Running Wild Spring Term: You're a bad man Mr Gum! Charlie Changes into a Chicken Summer Term: There's a Pharaoh in the Bath! Max and Katie's Egyptian Adventure Optional Texts Roald Dahl stories Charlotte's Web	 Expected Standard: Write a recount in a specific form of an event in chronological order, expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions. Write as a diary. Objectives: 2, 4, 14, 25 Transform for GDS: Write same event in a different form e.g. as a blog <u>Non-Chronological Report</u> Stone Age Life – tools, clothing, villages, jobs etc 	Expected Standard: Present a persuasive point of view in the form of a letter, beginning to link points together, selecting style and vocabulary appropriate to the reader. Objectives: 2, 4, 11, 25 Transform for GDS: Change the viewpoint of the author, selecting vocabulary appropriately. <u>Narrative</u> The Snow Dragon – change	 Expected Standard: Write a series of extended sentences, organised appropriately for a specific form to explain a process, ensuring relevant items are grouped together and enough details are included. Objectives: 2, 15, 20 Transform for GDS: Provide a clear audience for the explanation adding appropriate diagrams/flow charts and vocabulary choices to support the explanation for the specific audience. 	Expected Standard: Create a formal letter informing someone important. Objectives: 14, 25 Transform for GDS: Transform the letter in to a speech to deliver to a group of peers informing them of the content written. <u>Poetry</u> Linked to the rainforest Expected Standard: Create a clerihew, four lines in length including rhyming	Expected Standard: Write a story that has and a resolution. Org paragraphs that inclue adverbs. Complete conditionation Objectives: 2, 3, 14 Transform for GDS: Write in first person, fr perspective of a choic character. Instruction Topic linked to mumine Expected Standard:		
Midnight Fox Non-fiction	Expected Standard: Write an information piece with a clear audience requiring an impersonal style and specific choice of language features for	animal and following sequence of events. Expected Standard: To write a story in the third	Non-Chronological Report Animals of the rainforest	couplets (AABB). Ensure the subject of the poem is a character named on one of the lines. Focus on comic language. E.g.	Write multistep instruc a clear audience an- given purpose ensuring they could be followed		
Range of high quality non- fiction including online and books	more formal writing. Complete as an information leaflet. Objectives: 4, 24, 25 Transform for GDS: Change the form of the non- chronological report so there is	person organised into paragraphs, ensuring that the sequence is clear. Some basic dialogue included. Changing the main event and the following sequence of events.	Expected Standard: Write an information piece with a clear audience requiring an impersonal style and specific choice of language features for more formal writing. Complete as a fact file page.	Mr Smith wears a wig, But for his head it's rather big. In windy weather he was careless. Now Mr Smith's head is hairless. Objectives: 19, 21, 25	Objectives: 14, 25 Transform for GDS: Explore a range of organisational device transform the instruct create a page for a c		
	Chronological report so there is a change in structure and language features e.g. magazine article. *Teachers Choice*	Objectives: 3, 22, 25 Transform for GDS: To write from the perspective of a chosen character. *Teachers Choice*	Objectives: 13 Transform for GDS: Change the form of the non- chronological report so there is a change in structure and language features e.g. webpage	Transform for GDS: Vary the rhyme scheme to either ABCB or ABAB.	magazine.		
			Teachers Choice				

The class novels are read at story time, they may be used as a stimulus for writing. The optional texts may be read to the class across the year as and when the teacher decides.

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Summer 2

<u>Recount</u> Daily life of a child in Egypt (Egyptian Cinderella)

Expected Standard:

Write a recount in the 1st person with a clear audience and form e.g. an eye witness report based on a book read.

Objectives: 18

Transform for GDS

Transform the recount, writing it as a non-chronological report including the layout, structural and language features.

<u>Narrative</u> The Pirates that moved next door, the Jolly Rogers

Expected Standard:

Write a story where dialogue is the drive to move the story on. Complete as a fantasy story.

Objectives: 17, 23

Transform for GDS:

Revise the dialogue to provide strong characterisation.

Teachers Choice