

Corporation Road Community Primary School Handwriting Whole School Progression Map

Vision:

Children will be able to select the most appropriate form of handwriting for a given task, to ensure pace and legibility.

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		Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
	Learning to sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly -Learning to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place -Beginning to form capital letters -Learning to form digits 0-9		-Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly -Begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place -Form capital letters -Form digits 0-9 -Understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.	-Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another -Write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters -Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.	-Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that	Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by:
Handwriting	Fluency			horizontal strokes needed to join letters and Understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left un-joined	are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left un-joined	-Choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding, as part of their personal style, whether or not to join specific letters
	Legibility				-Increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting, e.g. by ensuring that the downstrokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch.	
	Pace					-Choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task (e.g. quick notes, letters).



Handwriting LTP

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception (Linked to Phonics)	a,i,m,s,t (ICU1) n,o,p (ICU2) b,c,g,h (ICU3)	b,c,g,h (ICU3) d,e,f,v (ICU4) k,l,r,u (ICU5)	j,w,z (ICU6) x,y,ff,ll,ss,zz (ICU7)	x,y,ff,ll,ss,zz (ICU7) +Revision of previous letter formations taught	Revision of previous sh,ch,th,ck,wh,ng,qu (ICU11)	ous letter formations taught
Year 1 (Linked to Phonics)	Bridging unit ai, ay, ea (EXCU1) e, ea, ee, y (EXCU2) ea (EXCU3) o, oa, ow, oe (EXCU4)	o, oa, ow, oe (EXCU4) o (EXCU5) er, ir, or, ur (EXCU6) e, ea, ai (EXCU7) ou, ow (EXCU8) ow (EXCU9)	oo, ew, ue, o (EXCU10) i, ie, y, igh (EXCU11) oo, u, oul (EXCU12) oo (EXCU13)	u, ou, o (EXCU14) ou (EXCU15) s, ss, st, c, ce, se, sc (EXCU16) s (EXCU17)	I, II, al, el, il, le, ol (EXCU18) or, aw, a, ar, au, al (EXCU19) air, are, ear, ere, eir, ayer, ayor (EXCU20)	ue, ew, u (EXCU21) ew (EXCU22) oi, oy (EXCU23) ar, a, al, au (EXCU24) o, a (EXCU25) a (EXCU26)
Year 2 (Linked to Phonics)	ai, ay, ea, ei, ey, eigh (EXCU27) dd, ed (EXCU28) ee, ea, ey, ie (EXCU29) i, ui, e, y (EXCU30) y (EXCU31) Digraphs to be joined	y (EXCU31) oe, ow, oa, ou, ough (EXCU32) nn, ne, gn, kn (EXCU33) ar, er, ir, or, ur, ear, our (EXCU34) Digraphs to be joined	v, vv, ve (EXCU35) oo, ew, ue, ui, ou, ough (EXCU36) j, g, gr, dge (EXCU37) g, gg, gh, gu (EXCU38) Digraphs to be joined	g, gg, gh, gu (EXCU38) g (EXCU39) f, ff, gh, ph (EXCU40) gh (EXCU41) Digraphs to be joined	m, mm, mb, mn (EXCU42) oar, ore, our, augh, ough (EXCU43) h (EXCU44) c, k, ck, ch, cc (EXCU45) Digraphs to be joined	c, k, ck, ch, cc (EXCU45) r, rr, rh, wr (EXCU46) t, tt, bt, te (EXCU47) z, ze, zz, s, se, ss (EXCU48) eer, ere, ear (EXCU49) Digraphs to be joined
Year 3 (joining sets and some links to spellings)	Teach first joins Joining 2 letters	Teach second joins Joining 2 letters	Teach third joins Joining 2 letters Suffix ly	Teach third joins Joining 2 letters ou, dis, mis, in, ill	Teach fourth joins Joining 2 letters ei, eigh, ey ing, er, ed, ion	Revision of previously taught joins Joining 2 letters sub
Year 4 (joining sets and some	Teach first joins Joining 2-3 letters	Teach second joins Joining 2-3 letters	Teach third joins Joining 2-3 letters	Teach third joins Joining 2-3 letters	Teach fourth joins Joining 2-3 letters	Revision of previously taught joins Joining 2-3 letters
links to spellings)	tion, sion, ssion, cian	ation, sion	ous	Inter, anti, auto	ir, re, im	ch, gue
Year 5 (joining sets and some links to spellings)	First joins Joining 3-4 letters Second joins Joining 3-4 letters		Third joins Joining 3-4 letters		Fourth joins Joining 3-4 letters	Revision of previously taught joins Joining 3-4 letters
	ough, cious, tious	ial ant, ance, ancy, ent, ence, ency			fer	ible, able, ibly, ably
Year 6 (joining sets and some links to spellings)	First joins Joining 4-5 letters	Second joins Joining 4-5 letters	Third joins Joining 4-5 letters	Fourth joins Joining 4-5 letters	Revision of previously taught joins Joining 4-5 letters	Revision of previously taught joins Joining 4-5 letters
	fer ei	bt, is, mb, mn, st, kn		DDIN	Johning 4-3 letters	Handwriting for different tasks – being able to make choices about when to print and when to join

Formation of capital letters to be addressed alongside – children must be taught that they cannot join to a capital letter.



The Lower — Case Alphabet a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z The Upper — Case Alphabet

ABCDEFGHIJK LMNOPQRST UVWXYZ

The Numerals
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

The Joining Sets

Set I
a c d e h I k l m n <mark>s</mark> t u
Twelve letters with exit flicks.

Set 2
a c d e g l j m n o p q r s u v w x y
Nineteen Letters which start at the top of the x-height

Set 3
b f h k l t
six letters which start at the top of the ascender.

Set 4
f o r v w
Five letters which finish at the top of the x-height

The break letters
b g j p q x y z
Eight letters after which no join is made. Joins are not
made to or from the letter z

The joins	Set		Set			
The first join	acdehl klmn <mark>s</mark> t u		2 acdegl jmnop qrsuvw xy	in	am	The join from any member of set I to set 2 is made with exactly the same movement as the upswing in the swing patterns
The second join	acdehl klmn <mark>s</mark> t	→	3 bfhklt	ab	ch	The join from any member of set I to set 3 is the same as the first join except that the join meets the ascender halfway up the letter and then continues to the top of the ascender
The third join	4 forvw		2 acdegl jmnop qrsuvw xy	oa	Wo	The join from any member of set 4 to set 2 is a shallow horizontal curve because the join is from the x-height of one letter to the x-height of the next
The fourth join	4 f o r v w		3 bfhklt	wh	ob	The join from any member of set 4 to set 3 is the same as the first join except that it goes from the x-height of one letter to the ascender of the next
The break letters	bgjpq xyz	Ī)	bigger		Joins are never made with this set. No join is ever made to or from the letter z

Resource for modelling:

http://www.ictgames.com/mobilePage/writingRepeater/index.html

