| Year 2 Maths |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Hit the Button - https://www. | opmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-b | utton - Select the doubles button the | doubles to 10. This game will work on | tablet, phone or computer. |
| Play on Times Table Rock Stars <br> Go to the website and log on using your username and password |  |  |  |  |
| ```Multiplication (Mental Method) e.g. \(6 \times 2=\) Hold up 6 fingers. Count in 2 s , the answer is the number you land on. Alternatively, you can count in \(2 s\) until you are holding up 6 fingers. The answer is the number you land on. Look carefully to see what you need to count in. \(8 \times 2=\) \(4 \times 5=\) \(3 \times 10=\) \(5 \times 2=\) \(7 \times 10=\) \(7 \times 5=\) \(10 \times 5=\) \(2 \times 2=\) \(12 \times 2=\) \(9 \times 5=\)``` | Multiplication (written method) Example: $\begin{aligned} & 7 \times 3=21 \\ & 0_{3}^{+3+3} 9{ }^{+3} 12 \text { is } 188_{21}^{+3} \end{aligned}$ <br> Draw a straight line Draw the right number of jumps - in this case 7. Then count in the correct number writing each number under each jump. <br> The answer is the number you land on. <br> We write + on top because multiplication is repeated adding. $\begin{array}{ll} 7 \times 2= & 4 \times 2= \\ 9 \times 2= & 3 \times 2= \\ 5 \times 2= & 11 \times 2= \\ 8 \times 2= & 2 \times 2= \end{array}$ <br> You might already know the answers but have a go at the written method. | Multiplication (written method) Example: $7 \times 3=21$ <br> Same method but counting in 5s this time. $\begin{aligned} & 4 \times 5= \\ & 10 \times 5= \\ & 6 \times 5= \\ & 8 \times 5= \\ & 2 \times 5= \\ & 11 \times 5= \\ & 7 \times 5= \\ & 3 \times 5= \\ & 12 \times 5= \\ & 5 \times 5= \\ & 9 \times 5= \end{aligned}$ | Multiplication (written method) <br> Example: $7 \times 3=21$ <br> Same method but counting in 10s this time. $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 10= \\ & 5 \times 10= \\ & 7 \times 10= \\ & 11 \times 10= \\ & 4 \times 10= \\ & 6 \times 10= \\ & 12 \times 10= \\ & 10 \times 10= \\ & 8 \times 10= \\ & 3 \times 10= \\ & 9 \times 10= \end{aligned}$ | Multiplication (written method) <br> Example: $\begin{aligned} & 7 \times 3=21 \\ & 0+369^{+3+} 2^{+3} \text { 15 } 188^{+3} 21 \end{aligned}$ <br> Same method but counting in 3s this time, this might be tricky but have a go. $\begin{aligned} & 5 \times 3= \\ & 10 \times 3= \\ & 7 \times 3= \\ & 2 \times 3= \\ & 4 \times 3= \\ & 9 \times 3= \\ & 6 \times 3= \\ & 8 \times 3= \end{aligned}$ |

